

TEST FOUR

1.What should you do if a vehicle is following too closely behind you (tailgating)?

- A) Maintain your speed to keep a safe distance between the vehicles.
- B) Slow down so they'll pass you.
- C) Speed up to get close with the vehicle in front.

2.What is the “No-Zone”?

- A) No parking zone
- B) No Zone is the blind spots around a vehicle
- C) No stopping or unloading zone

3.When are large trucks most likely to lose speed and cause a hazard?

- A) Going up long or steep hills
- B) On curves
- C) Going down long or steep hills

4.True or False: You do not have to obey a police officer's signal if it contradicts a traffic signal

- A) False
- B) It depends
- C) True

5.What does the law say about bicyclists on roadways?

- A) They should be treated the same as a slow-moving vehicle
- B) They are considered the same as motor vehicles
- C) They are not considered as motor vehicles under traffic laws

6.What rules of the road should you follow when driving in construction zones (Cone Zones)?

- A) Stay in your lane until you pass the cone zone
- B) Exit the construction zone ASAP
- C) Slow down

7.When parking on a hill with a curb facing downhill, in what direction should the wheels of your vehicle be facing?

- A) Away from the curb
- B) Toward the curb
- C) Parallel to the curb

8.When parking on a hill with a curb facing uphill, in what direction should the wheels of your vehicle be facing?

- A) Away from the curb
- B) Against the curb
- C) Parallel to the curb

9.What does a curb painted WHITE mean?

- A) Bus drop off area only
- B) Stopping to pick up or drop off passengers or mail
- C) No stopping or standing

10.What does a curb painted GREEN mean?

- A) Bus drop off area only
- B) Metered parking
- C) Parking for a limited time

11.What does a curb painted YELLOW mean?

- A) Handicap parking
- B) Metered parking
- C) Stopping to pick up or drop off passengers

12.What does a curb painted RED mean?

- A) Bus drop off area only
- B) Emergency vehicles only
- C) No stopping, standing, or parking

13.When are you allowed to park in a handicap parking space?

- A) If you require the use of crutches or a wheelchair
- B) If your car has a handicap plates or placards
- C) If you or your passenger is disabled

14.When are you eligible to use handicap parking space?

- A) If anyone in your car is disable
- B) If the owner of your car is disable
- C) Having handicap plate or placard for you or a passenger

15.In which of the following areas is parking not allowed?

- A) On a bridge, overpass, or tunnel
- B) In front of a driveway
- C) All of the above

16.Where is parking prohibited in the following areas?

- A) At a red curb
- B) Within 15 feet of a fire hydrant
- C) All of the above

17.If your cell phone rings while you are driving and you do not have a hands-free device, what should you do as a responsible driver?

- A) Answer but keep the call short
- B) Answer only if it is an emergency
- C) Let the call go to voicemail

18.What is the correct way to navigate through a curve?

- A) Go as fast as possible
- B) Turn on your high beams
- C) Slow before you enter the curve so you don't have to brake in the curve

19.What should you do if you start to hydroplane?

- A) Ease your foot off the gas
- B) Quickly apply the brakes
- C) Speed up

20.What should you do to control a vehicle in a skid?

- A) Slowly reduce speed and turn in the direction of the skid
- B) Accelerate and turn opposite direction of the skid
- C) Keep your foot on the brake

21.What should you do during a locked wheel skid when the wheels lose traction on the road surface?

- A) Immediately look for an area to steer off the road
- B) Pull up on the emergency brake
- C) Ease off the gas pedal and straighten the front wheel as the car begins to straighten out

22.If the wheels of your vehicle lock and you start to skid, what should you do?

- A) Take your foot off the brake
- B) Pull up on the emergency brake
- C) Pump the brake pedal several times

23.What must you do if you are involved in an accident?

- A) Transport injured individuals to the nearest hospital
- B) Do not share your personal information with other driver
- C) Dial 911 promptly if there are any injuries

24.When someone is injured in an accident, how soon are you required to report to the police?

- A) Within 24 hours
- B) Within 48 hours
- C) Within 12 hours

25.Can emotions like anger or depression affect your driving?

- A) b. No, only severe or strong emotions can affect your driving
- B) c. Yes, emotions can have a great effect on your driving
- C) d. No, emotions can affect your driving only if you have also been drinking

26.What is the penalty for lending your vehicle to a driver who doesn't have a license?

- A) You will face fines and jail time
- B) Your vehicle may be impounded for 30 days
- C) Immediate 30-day suspension of your license

27.What is the first thing impaired in a driver who has been drinking alcohol?

- A) Judgment
- B) Ability to think clearly
- C) Reaction time

28.When is it mandatory for drivers in California to consent to a chemical test for the alcohol content of their blood?

- A) If asked by law enforcement
- B) Only if an accident has occurred
- C) Only if you are stopped under suspicion of drinking and driving

29.When are accidents more likely to occur?

- A) When one lane of traffic is traveling much slower than the others
- B) When a vehicle is traveling faster or slower than the flow of traffic
- C) When all vehicles are traveling near or at the same speed

30.Why do drivers of large trucks travel with a lot of space in front of their vehicle?

- A) To give other vehicles room to change lanes
- B) To make sure other vehicles aren't in their blind spot
- C) To provide extra stopping distance

31.When should you flash your brake lights or turn on your emergency flashers?

- A) When stopped to pick up or drop off a passenger
- B) When exiting a blind spot where it may be hard for others to see you
- C) To warn other drivers of a hazard ahead

32.What should you do if two cars approach a four-way stop intersection at the same time?

- A) Yield to the vehicle on the right
- B) The vehicle turn right, goes first
- C) Yield to the vehicle on the left

33.Who has the right of way at a "T" intersection without a stop or yield sign?

- A) The car goes straight
- B) The car turns right
- C) The car turns left

34.When can you turn right against a red arrow?

- A) If there is no sign prohibiting a turn on red
- B) If there are no pedestrians in the roadway
- C) You cannot turn right with a red arrow in any situation

35.When can you turn right at a red light?

- A) If there are no pedestrians in the roadway
- B) If there is no sign prohibiting it
- C) All of the above

36.When should you use your headlights when driving?

- A) When other drivers turn headlights on
- B) Anytime you drive in highways
- C) Anytime you have trouble seeing other cars

Mark the correct answers to the above questions.

1. A B C

2. A B C

3. A B C

4. A B C

5. A B C

6. A B C

7. A B C

8. A B C

9. A B C

10. A B C

11. A B C

12. A B C

13. A B C

14. A B C

15. A B C

16. A B C

21. A B C

22. A B C

23. A B C

24. A B C

25. A B C

26. A B C

27. A B C

28. A B C

29. A B C

30. A B C

31. A B C

32. A B C

33. A B C

34. A B C

35. A B C

36. A B C

Correct Answers

1. B	26. B
2. B	27. A
3. A	28. A
4. A	29. B
5. B	30. C
6. C	31. C
7. B	32. A
8. A	33. A
9. B	34. C
10. C	35. C
11. C	36. C
12. C	
13. B	
14. C	
15. C	
16. C	
17. C	
18. C	
19. A	
20. A	
21. C	
22. A	
23. C	
24. A	
25. B	